

Salt Lake Democrat.

MAJ. NOUNNAN'S TALK.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF TRAINS	
at the Salt Lake City Postoffice.	
FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1885.	
ARRIVALS.	DEPARTURES.
Eastern 6:30 p.m.	Western 7:30 a.m.
California and West 11:00 a.m.	Montana and North 4:25 p.m.
Montana and North 8:50 a.m.	D. & R. G. East 9:00 p.m.
Ogden, Utah 8:50 a.m.	Ogden, Utah 8:50 a.m.
Park City 9:00 a.m.	Park City 9:00 a.m.
Bozeman, Montana 9:00 a.m.	Bozeman, Montana 9:00 a.m.
Alta, Utah 10:20 a.m.	Alta, Utah 10:20 a.m.
Bozeman, Montana 10:20 a.m.	Bozeman, Montana 10:20 a.m.
Bozeman, Montana 10:20 a.m.	Bozeman, Montana 10:20 a.m.
Bozeman, Montana 10:20 a.m.	Bozeman, Montana 10:20 a.m.

The above is standard mountain time.
Salt Lake City, Utah, March 22, 1885.

Silver Quotations.
(Corrected daily by Wells, Fargo & Co.)
Silver, New York, per 100 lbs. 1.06 1/2
Silver, London, per 100 lbs. 4.15
Lead New York, per 100 lbs. 4.15

Hats! Hats! Hats!
Spring and Summer Styles now in. We are Sole Agents for all the fine New York Hatters, including Youmans, Knox's, Silverman and Thomas Townsend & Co., London. We also carry a complete line of John B. Stetson & Co.'s Fine Hats.
NORRIS, WOOD & CO.,
The Exclusive Hatters.

AT A MEETING

Democratic County Central Committee.

The following Committees were appointed:

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
C. R. Barratt, Ben. Sheeks,
S. H. Lewis, John H. Burton,
A. B. Thompson.

FINANCE COMMITTEE:
P. L. Williams, George Collins,
William C. Hall, Lee C. Snodaker,
Ferg. Ferguson.

MEETINGS.
FARMINGTON, Friday, July 31
(Court House.)
SALT LAKE CITY, Saturday, August 1
(Front of the Democrat office.)

LOCAL JOBS.

McCormick & Co. today received one car of Hammer bullion, valued at \$2,320.
Wells, Fargo & Co. received \$2,215 in bullion from Silver Reef during the month of July.
A. M. Griggs, a disciple of vagabondage, was run in today for trespass and vagrancy.

Wm. Nixon, for being drunk and disorderly, was fined \$15, by Justice Speers this morning.
Wells, Fargo & Co. today received twenty-four bars of Ontario bullion, valued at \$13,095.64.
Longfellow is said to be the Governor's favorite poet, and of all that hard sweet songs be chooses "Resignation."

Today the libel suit of General Nathan Kimball against the Ogden Herald comes up in the First District Court at Ogden.
Michael Bowen, a soldier, was arrested for being drunk, and is also charged with assault and battery. His case will be investigated this afternoon.

Everybody and his friends seem to be talking about nothing else but the Democratic meeting to be held on Saturday night. It will pay every citizen to attend that meeting.

The indications now are that the Democratic meeting Saturday night will be one of the largest ever held in Salt Lake City. The speakers for that evening are old war horses of Democracy.

A small boy was arrested yesterday for throwing rocks at Mrs. Hampton's house, and causing him to plunge around and overturn the buggy. He was remanded and discharged by the judge this morning.

The Democrat is the only journal in the city to publish a verbatim report of Major Nounnan's speech last night. Let's see. Didn't some paper make a remark, a day or two ago, about the Young Democrat trying to stifle free speech?

Kennedy, one of the prisoners who escaped from the city jail a few nights ago by sawing off the iron bars in the window of the cell with a case knife which was converted into a saw, was caught near Coalville and brought back to jail by Officer Salmon last night.

The Salt Lake Herald having made a very extensive apology to the gentleman it accused of being found guilty in the police court of an indecent exposure, the Herald has concluded to let the libel suit pass. Apologizing, by the way, is the Herald's strong suit.

A subscriber to the Democrat suggests that the one objection to Major Nounnan's speech, was in not thanking our Republican friends for the expensive and excellent music and the sparkling train of grays, six-in-hand. Please don't do it any more, gentlemen—too rich for Democratic blood.

William Seams, John Epley and three others, left this morning for the New River mining district, four miles from the famous Martin mine of the Lava Beds. The trip is taken with the view of starting operations on several good showing prospects, and there seems to be no doubt that the district is a genuine one.

Says the Picnic Record: Two members of a Mormon family at Sanpete, Utah, lately died from copper poisoning. Although medical aid was tendered them in season, they refused to accept it, and in consequence died with the "laying on of hands" of the church. There is nothing so certain as the "faith cure" to cure a person of all their troubles upon earth. It knocks them out of existence every time.

PERSONAL.

C. W. Whitney, of the C. P. at Ogden, the well-known foot-racer, is in the city today.
F. E. Whitney, route agent of the Utah & Northern Railway, is spending the day in the city.
Judge C. W. Bennett returned last evening from a business trip to the Wood River country. Mrs. Bennett is expected to arrive in two or three days from a visit to her daughter in the East.

Mrs. C. C. Ingalls and her daughter, Mrs. A. R. Campbell, of Hastings, Nebraska, arrived over the D. & R. G. last evening, and are guests of Mr. Charles Ingalls, claim clerk of the D. & R. G.

Use "Syrup of Prunes"

For Constipation. Price 75 cts. per bottle. For sale at all Druggists.

Protect Your Family.

It is the duty of every man, rich or poor, who has created a home, to make some provision against the inevitable, for those who are dependent upon him, and this most desirable result can be obtained by procuring a policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the oldest active company in America and the largest life insurance company in the world. Rates, etc., furnished by Louis Hyams, Agent, 55 Main Street, Hooper & Eldridge Block, Salt Lake City.

When the weary, hungry traveler casts about for a place to lay his head, he will find the best and most satisfactory meal and bed at the White House.

The Band Plays, the Major Speaks and the People Listen.

The Principle of Free Speech, With Mention of the Local Issues.
Agramonte Introduces "Prof." McKee, Who Winds Up Democracy and the Meeting, Too.

According to announcement, Major James H. Nounnan last evening held his Democratic meeting in front of the Federal Court House. The Camp Douglas Band, which for some time previous to the opening of the meeting had been driven around the city in a drag, discoursing patriotic airs and thus drumming up the populace, occupied a position on the balcony and rendered some fine music.

At about 8:30 o'clock Major Nounnan, who for fifteen minutes previously had been seated in a chair on the balcony, wrapped in his summer clothes and a brown study, was aroused from his reverie by frequent yells from the immense crowd below for his appearance, and without waiting for the election of any chairman or secretary, strode to the front and commenced to address his auditors. His speech, taken verbatim by a Democrat reporter, was as follows:

MAJOR NOUNNAN'S SPEECH.
Fellow Citizens—This is simply a rebuke to the abridgment of free speech. This is not a movement of my own seeking; I am not in the habit of speaking publicly, and uniformly avoid doing so, and I don't wish to thrust my thoughts upon other people when they don't want them.

On last Saturday night I visited a Democratic meeting and was called upon by the populace to speak on that occasion. Mr. Bamberger, who is a member of the Democratic County Committee, as well as a member of the Democratic club, refused to suffer me to speak after having taken the stand and laid down a proposition of the issues that are pending here. Now, our election is rapidly approaching, and it is necessary we should be energetic and thoroughly understand the propositions involved in it. The abridgment of free speech is one of the most serious of the issues of every American. Free speech, free thought and a free press are the great liberties of American liberty, and wherever it is in the least abridged it is a deadly enemy to our civilization. As for me, no man doubts it; and Mr. Bamberger should have made proper apologies for his conduct on that occasion, not only to me, but to the party. I waited for three days and no apology came. I then solicited this meeting. The next day Mr. Bamberger made an apology to me personally, and between him and myself there is no personal difference, but he thinks that he didn't insult the party that he then and there represented. He should make a public apology to the party.

Now, the Democratic party has for the first time in the history of Utah placed in the field a Democratic ticket—a straight Democratic ticket—composed of good men, good, pure and true men, who are thoroughly identified with the people of this country. One of the men at the head of that list, Mr. C. C. Chambers, a man who has expended as much money and is giving employment to more men than any fifty men in the People's party, and is continuing to do it, in the development of the resources of our country and the building of railroads. He has been in the country some fifteen years. Bolivar Roberts is another. He has been a citizen here for thirty years, and is thoroughly identified with the country. These men I would uphold and encourage, for they deserve the support of every loyal American in this country and Territory. On the other hand, the common man, the man who is not a good man, if he is not in that party; but the People's party is really governed and controlled by a priesthood uniting in their body all the elements of a Church and State. This is contrary, not only contrary, but it is subversive of the liberties of the American people. It is a proposition that is offensive to any American. Now, there are thousands of men in the People's party who should not be there. They should take care of themselves, take the Democratic platform and the Constitution of the United States, take them home and read those things; and I commend to them, also, the Edwards bill. (Laughter and applause.) And they should get those off by heart, you know, and know just as well as you do, that there is no comparison between these parties. One is purely American in all its elements, and there should be no division among the Americans in this Territory. Every man who is a lover of his country should stand firm and true to the party and to the country here. The People's party are really so much in the hands of the priesthood that they are not permitted to think for themselves nor act for themselves, and when the truth is told they contradict it, and even after admitting the truth sometimes, their journals will deny it.

Now, I was struck with an article in last evening's Record of a man alluding to the speech of Mr. Rawlins, criticizing the conduct of the Legislature here in not passing laws against immoral conduct. The Record says that the Legislature might get a great many of their own people who were living in a lawless way, including members of the Legislature themselves, who were polygamists. Well, they have been unfaithful to the interests of the country—their Legislature and the laws of every official capacity. The statutes of this Territory are just simply an evidence of the imbecility and incompetency of our former representatives.

Now, what we want is, to stand shoulder to shoulder in this country. Every man who is a lover of his country should stand firm with the Democratic party here in Salt Lake. The principles of Democracy are neither circumscribed nor circumscribed. The Democratic platform is broad enough, it is long enough, it is high enough for any American to stand on.

This is a turn-out, gentlemen, that I had no idea of. You don't know how grateful I am to you, gentlemen, to see you here, but I would not have requested this meeting if I had not been notified of it for one day. I don't mind the fact, and give as a reason for it, and just simply because it is a principle that is dear to every American.

I thank you, gentlemen, very much. Good night.

At the conclusion of Major Nounnan's speech the band played "The Star Spangled Banner," and at the finish there were cries for Doctor McKee—the colored Democrat—to make an address. After the crowd and those on the speakers' stand, the band having rendered "Yankee Doodle" meanwhile, he was brought forward by General Agramonte, who introduced him as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen: As a Republican, and in the old, but liking to hear a good Democratic speech, I will now, by request, introduce to you a Democrat, Doctor or Professor McKee. While I may not endorse what Dr. McKee says, I like to hear a good Democratic speech in Utah as well as anybody. It is so rare we find a Democrat of his color that I think he will be a *parvo avis* to the whole of you.

DOCTOR MCKEE.
Soon became fully launched in the intricacies of a political speech, and showed that, though having an ebony skin, he possessed a heart that beat with true Democratic fervor. He said that he was a Democrat, soul and body, and that in his mind all the elements of freedom were embodied in its principles. That he had been told repeatedly during the war that Democracy was dead, and he predicted at the time

that it was only sleeping, and in a few years would be stronger than ever. Although twenty years had been a long time to wait, Democracy was now in the ascendancy, and had every indication of staying with us. His sentiments, though an advocate of free speech, differed materially from those of the speaker that preceded him, for he was averse to having a split in the Democratic ranks, and though the gentleman might feel that he had been ill treated by the local Democracy, there was no just cause for him to be in direct antagonism to the party, and thus deplete their ranks until they would be as nothing for their Philistine antagonists to walk over in the coming election. He believed in a united Democracy, and with Grover Cleveland at the helm, the Democratic ship would be kept clear from the shoals that wrecked the Republican party, and with an honest administration and equal liberty to all, there was an endless future for the Democratic party.

SAM LEVY'S CIGAR DEPOT.

How the Manufacture of the Fragrant Weed is Made a Success in Salt Lake.

No matter what time of day you pass by the establishment of Mr. Sam Levy, at No. 171 and 173 South Main street, an air of activity is noticeable about the place indicative of the energetic proprietor, who has established a thriving business in his line by strict attention to the demands of his undertaking. This, the only cigar factory in Salt Lake City, was established in 1871, fourteen years ago, when such an undertaking was decidedly an experiment. Previous to this time two similar factories, on a much smaller scale, had been tried, but they were not successful, for them to suit the public with home-made cigars in close competition with the East and West, but to a practical knowledge of the business and to an untiring determination, characterizing the efforts of Mr. Levy, that gentleman has slowly but surely secured a large and growing trade, which is handled over the best counters of this and adjoining Territories.

A Democrat reporter, knowing that Mr. Levy had visited Cuba and the East to select the best cigars, and while there had selected a large quantity of imported and domestic tobacco for his factory, made a call at his store for the purpose of ascertaining the process used in manufacturing Levy's dozen or more brands of domestic and imported cigars, and the cellar is stored with the baled wrappers, fillers and binders, just as they come shipped from the hands of the Cubans. Each bale weighs about one hundred pounds, consisting of small bunches of tobacco, nicely tied with a fine cord, and the natives. The domestic stock comes principally from Connecticut, New York and Wisconsin, and is shipped in cases of 400 pounds each. In making a cigar, whether of home-grown or foreign leaf, a bunch of tobacco is selected from the bale and placed in a case of water to moisten. There it is stripped, assorted and worked up into the different grade cigars. Mr. Levy, in working his full force of ten men, can turn out 2,500 cigars daily.

He is not manufacturing some special brands for private orders. His special brands sell equally well along side of the best Eastern brands, and a great many persons preferring a fresh hand-made cigar to one of long standing stock, choose Sam's "Famous" or "Ho. D. Fumer," as first best. His "Corduroy," "Criterion," "Mr. Owl" and with his smiling face on the lid and "Henry Clay," are brands too well known to require description.

Mr. Levy said that a great many smokers call at the factory and order a cigar of a certain shape and of mixed tobacco to suit the taste, which is done by combining imported and domestic stock. All cigars are hand-made, and of long life, the clippings being put into packages and sold for smoking purposes. In answer to whether business was good in the cigar line, Sam smiled encouragingly and said, "Have a cigar, and if you can send me a half-dozen good workmen to-day do so." Orders are coming in faster than they can possibly be filled, and if nothing happens will be ready for a few side bets when the next presidential election rolls around."

THE C. B. & Q. COMING.

Preliminary Survey of This Enterprising Road from Denver to Grand Junction.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway Company are making preliminary surveys from Denver to Grand Junction, with the intention of reaching Salt Lake City. This enterprising road, since branching out from the Missouri river reaching Denver, has realized a greater trade than the company anticipated. Realizing the wants of the far Western Territory, this would benefit Salt Lake City greatly on account of its being a true link, extending, as it undoubtedly will, from the coast lakes to the Pacific ocean. The C. B. & Q. is managed and present by men unexcelled in railroad circles, and whatever the C. B. & Q. undertake they make a success of.

The Milford Concentrating Works.

Mr. A. G. Campbell, the extensive mining man of Southern Utah, and formerly an owner in the Horn Silver, is from Milford. Mr. Campbell was reticent today in expressing himself publicly concerning his extensive mining movements at Milford. However, he willingly informed a Democrat reporter that the large concentrator and leaching works now building would be completed in the course of a few weeks, by which time all the machinery and Bower's rolls will have been set, and a trial made.

Dr. Henley's Celery.

Reef and Iron restores Lost Vitality.

Warning!
I expect to change my location from 64 W. Second South street to Main street the first of August, and have concluded to make Cabinet Photographs until that date for \$1 per dozen. After that they will be \$2 per dozen. All work done by the instantaneous process and guaranteed to be the finest in the west.

M. W. Newcomb, Photographer, West of Opera House.

Notice.

The annual meeting of Congregation B'nai Israel will be held at their building on the first Monday in August at 7:30 p. m. H. SIEGEL, Secretary.

John Taylor & Son, No. 43 and 45 Second South Street, have just received a choice lot of Spring and Summer Wools, which they offer to make up in first-class style, at greatly reduced rates.

Great Reduction in Livery.

At Mark McKinnis' Livery Stable.

UNFORTUNATE HUMANS.

Transfer of the Inmates of Dr. Young's Asylum to the Territorial Institution.

Some of the Sad Cases Whose Lots are Cast in a Mad House.

Ferocious Sherman Shackled to a Seat, Looking Like a Mad Lion.

A large crowd gathered at the D. & R. G. depot at 11 o'clock this morning to see the unfortunate inmates of Dr. Young's asylum put aboard the train for Provo. There were

ABOUT TWENTY CRAZY MEN AND WOMEN.

In the party, and a more curious sight never was presented in Salt Lake City. This most singular company was conducted to the train from the asylum east of the city by Sheriff Groesbeck, Alex. Burt and several keepers. Each of the number presented a different appearance as they rode through the city shackled to the wagon seats. Some of them seemed conscious of going on a trip, and were delighted, slapping their hands, singing and expressing the happiness of children. Others fell decidedly put out on leaving the old familiar quarters, and tried their best to remain, as though they felt that there was work to do that could not proceed satisfactorily without them.

HAM SING, THE CHINAMAN.

Figured strikingly in the group, and kept an endless song. He nodded, gesticulated, and said to the lookers-on: "You tell um Chinamen up town, me go to Provo, alse same Melican man." One of the poor demented creatures, a beautiful looking woman of about twenty years of age, was the wildest gesticulations, while humming a little, well-worn song, that seemed to absorb her entire mind. Another one was most fastidious about her dress, and was continually smoothing down a wrinkle in her skirt, arranging her shawl or fixing her fine head of hair. Some were rocking to and fro in their seats, others standing up and peering about as though lost, while muttering and smiling slyly on seeing some one looking at them.

But the most central figure of the old troupe was that of

SHERMAN, 80 LONG CONFINED IN THE CITY.

Sherman has been in close confinement for at least twenty years, and being a man of extraordinary strength, very few have dared to face him. He labored under the hallucination that the late Brigham Young had done him wrong, and he was prevented by being captured and confined. To-day he looked like a chained lion, as he sat heavily shackled to the seat by his ankles and wrists. Heretofore, in moving him, a strong cage has been used, made of 4x4 scantling, bolted together with heavy iron bars, in which Sherman would be driven and

LOCKED UP LIKE A FEROCIOUS BEAST.

Of late some of the frenzies formerly attending his maddened state to be disappearing under some change brought about by old age and physical debility. Some years ago, while Sherman was confined in the city prison, his actions were so violent that it was dangerous for any of the keepers to enter his cell, and he was fed through a small aperture in the wall and treated more like a wild beast than a human being. Sherman was in the habit of asking for an extra supply of bread, with which he manufactured bullets and a perfect gun in appearance. He said he intended to shoot his enemies with this weapon, which was certainly a curiosity.

AT THEIR NEW, ELEGANT QUARTERS.

They will receive so much better accommodation than those who are now suffering from the rudeness of mental disorder, and will have a better chance of being restored to a proper use of their faculties. From a knowledge of the institution, every reason leads to the belief that the superintendent physician and attendants.

THE DEMOCRATS AT SANDY.

A Rousing Meeting Last Night—The Speeches and Sociability of the Occasion.

Last night the Democratic campaigners held a ratification meeting at Sandy. Nearly 1,000 people turned out to listen, many ladies being present. The meeting was held on the platform of the Utah Central station. There were present from this city Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Williams and daughter, Miss Eva B. Stokes, Messrs. Bamberger, W. Van Cott, John M. Young, Fred Kesler and a Democrat reporter. Among the prominent citizens of Sandy were Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Schmidt, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Marriott, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cushing, Mr. Tillman, superintendent of the Mingo, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Nelson, and Mr. and Mrs. Rudd. Mr. Harry Haynes brought up a carriage full of ladies and gentlemen from Murray, and many others came from adjacent points.

The campaign band arrived from Salt Lake about sun down, and encamped the town till 8:30, when the members sat down to a lunch by courtesy of Mr. T. E. Marriott. A few minutes before 9 o'clock the assembly was called to order and Mr. Marriott acted chairman and J. H. Tempest secretary. The first speaker introduced was Mr. Van Cott, who eloquently addressed the people on the issues of the day. He referred to the condition of our statute books, and showed how the People's party servants a record unworthy the representatives of a free people, and a Territory such as we live in. The intelligence of the people he appealed to, asking them to think, act and vote as becomes a sovereign people.

Mr. Fred Kesler followed in a convincing and earnest speech, in which he plainly set forth the condition of our Territory, what she is and what she ought of right to be, and the coming election, would, if elected at the coming election, do his duty to the best of his ability and knowledge, for his constituents and the Territory at large. He pledged the balance of the ticket to do the same. They are all men of honor, position, influence and intelligence, and would, if the people in their wisdom and by their will and suffrage, place them in the halls

of our Legislature, work as become faithful servants of a self-governing people.

Mr. John M. Young was the last speaker. Mr. Young made a powerful effort, argumentative and eloquent. He appealed to the intelligence of the people. The people of this Territory have reared their sons and kept themselves in ignorance of politics and public affairs. They have not asserted and claimed their rights as American citizens. Young men have been kept out of public life unless fortunate enough to be born within the circle of a favored few. Any effort made to check free speech and control personal and independent action in the exercise of a citizen's privileges is an infringement of the liberty of every man. Utah's condition demanded a change in the various departments of the Territorial government over which the people have control, and such changes must come sooner or later. It is for the people to say how long these very much-needed changes shall be postponed, and when the dawn of a brighter and fairer day shall give vigor to our political life and put Utah in her legitimate place in the Union of these United States. He urged the people no longer to give their suffrage to a party that had proved so unworthy their trust.

During the evening the gay and heart and light of foot among the fair ladies and their gentlemen friends of Sandy arranged for a dancing party after the meeting. The party was made possible by the energy and generosity of Mr. C. J. Schmidt and his accomplished and vivacious wife. Dancing commenced before 11 o'clock, and continued till long after midnight, much to the enjoyment of all who participated. This sociability, together with the generosity of the gentlemen during the whole evening shows that in Sandy there is a society of people who know how to entertain and enjoy life themselves. Members of the band furnished the music, and made the evening enjoyment better than it otherwise could have been.

The meeting and the dance were splendid successes, and everybody in attendance enthusiastic and delighted. The meeting was a success, having before the people the principles of Democracy, and the party served to bring the people together socially and to become acquainted one with another, and Sandy will therefore poll a strong vote for the Democratic ticket, and thus do as much for the cause of good government and the advancement of Democratic principles as has been done for the enjoyment of those who visited the town.

THE WESTERN UNION GRANT FUND.

Five Thousand Dollars Subscribed, And All Offices to Receive Public Subscriptions.

The following telegram has been received by A. L. Horner, Superintendent D. & R. G. Railway Co., and H. M. Scott, manager Western Union Telegraph Office, at this city:

OMAHA, July 30.—The following is forwarded for your information. Please have it carried out as requested.

CHICAGO, July 30th.

To J. J. Dickey, Superintendent Western Union Telegraph Company, Omaha: The Western Union Telegraph Company resolved at its meeting to-day to subscribe the sum of \$5,000 towards the fund for a monument to General Grant. It also resolved to contribute to the fund the sum of \$1,000, and to the offices of the company should be instructed to receive subscriptions to the fund from the public. Please, therefore, instruct your respective managers by telegram to display in their office notices to the effect that they are prepared to accept such contributions and to give informal receipts therefor, which receipts will be submitted to the committee of the Grant Monument Association which has been appointed by the Mayor of the City of New York.

The simplest way to account for the subscriptions will, I think, be for each manager to provide him with a subscription book, in which, under an appropriate heading, he shall request each subscriber to write his own name, his postoffice address and the amount of his subscription, and for which subscription the manager will give an informal receipt in the following form, viz:

"Received of _____ (date), the sum of _____ dollars, as a contribution to the Grant Monument Fund, which money is to be forwarded to the association having charge of the fund, through the treasurer of the Western Union Telegraph Company. This receipt is to be retained by the subscriber as a receipt for the amount of his subscription, and a formal receipt of the Grant Monument Fund Association."

(Signed) _____, Manager Western Union Telegraph office.

At _____ Each manager shall then remit to the treasurer, or to the superintendent, as the case may be, the amount of the subscription, and the public advised as early as possible.

(Signed) R. C. Cloway, General Superintendent.

K. of P. Notice.
No. 5 members of Calanthe Lodge No. 5 are requested to be present on Monday evening, August 3, to make arrangements for attending the Grand memorial services.

L. H. FAIRBANKS, C. C. G. B. LANG, K. of P. & S.
Dr. Henley's Celery, Beef and Iron cures Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

To the Public.

Subscribers to the DEMOCRAT are respectfully requested to report, without delay, any neglect in delivering, or any undue lateness in the delivery of the paper. A postpaid order on this subject addressed to THE DEMOCRAT will always meet prompt attention.

Democrats, People's party and Republicans are invited to avail themselves of the very low prices prevailing in every department of the Mammoth Establishment of F. Auerbach & Bro. They say they are never undersold.

Store to Rent.
The Brick Store formerly occupied by the Salt Lake Democrat Company on First South Street. For terms apply at this office.

Stationers & Booksellers.

Order your Goods of us by Mail or Telephone, or call at our store by the Postoffice, on Main Street.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

NEWSPAPERS.

MAGAZINES.

ARTISTS' SUPPLIES.

Subscriptions taken for any Periodical in the World.

C. H. PARSONS & CO.

HARLOW, TULLIDGE & CO.

Have received their Spring Stock of WALL PAPER including every design and quality.

Sign Writer!

218 Main Street, Opp. Postoffice.

(OP. WATER.)

Fresco. Graining.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 Wall Street, New York.

NEW TO-DAY.

Sacred Heart Academy,

OGDEN CITY, UTAH.

Conducted by

THE SISTERS

OF

THE HOLY CROSS.

THE COURSE OF STUDY IS THOROUGH, embracing all the branches of a solid and accomplished education. Languages, general, vocal and instrumental music, and gymnastics. Boys up to the age of twelve years received in a separate building.

School Will Open September 1st, 1885.

Half-price tickets can be procured for pupils.

For terms and full particulars address, The Sisters of the Holy Cross, Ogden, Utah.

SAMPLING MILLS.

SALT LAKE

Sampling Works,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

The Only Sampling Mill in Utah Using Rolls.

WHEREBY I CAN GUARANTEE AN accurate sample of all classes of ore by crushing to any desired fineness, so as to obtain the actual value. The work will be under my entire supervision. All consignments will receive prompt and careful attention.

City Office, No. 139 S. Main Street.